

SYRIA

FACTS AND FIGURES

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ENSURING ACCESS TO CLEAN WATER AND IMPROVING LIVING CONDITIONS

Over **17 M** people benefited from different water and habitat interventions across Syria, as follows:

- **14.8 M** people were supported by a disinfection program to ensure safe drinking water in **13** governorates.
- **500,000** people received water delivered by trucks in Aleppo, Rural Damascus and Hassakeh.
- Some **28** water stations across the country were rehabilitated and upgraded with power transformers, pumps and generators.
- **275,000** displaced people and returnees benefited from renovations and upgrading of housing, water, and sanitation in **50** collective shelters and neighbourhoods throughout the country.
- Access to water was improved in **30** hospitals, health points and one physical rehabilitation centre.
- Around **900,000** people benefited from the supply of production line, rehabilitation works, and power supply to **14** public bakeries.
- Water, sanitation and hygiene facilities of **238** schools in Aleppo, Idleb, Homs, Hama, Raqqqa, Deir Ezzor, Hassakeh, Daraa, Sweida, Quneitra, and Rural Damascus governorates were improved.



HEALTHCARE FOR THE SICK AND WOUNDED

- Over **408,600** people had access to healthcare services through **15** SARC polyclinics and **17** mobile health units supported by the ICRC. More than **154,700** diabetes consultations and **212,465** leishmaniases treatment sessions were provided in **27** Ministry of Health (MoH) supported facilities across the country.
- More than **120,300** wounded and sick persons affected directly or indirectly by the conflict benefited from emergency and pre-hospital care services provided by ICRC-supported SARC ambulances in **12** governorates.
- Over **8,400** wounded and sick persons received treatment at the ICRC/SARC field hospital in Al-Hol camp.
- More than **1,900** SARC volunteers underwent **81** ICRC-supported First-Aid trainings.
- Nearly **1,570** people benefited from physical rehabilitation programs to help restore their mobility through ICRC Aleppo's Physical Rehabilitation Centre (PRC), ICRC-supported SARC PRC in Rural Damascus, and ICRC-supported Homs District of Health PRC; over **5,300** people received Mental Health and Psycho-social Support (MHPSS) at these PRCs, as well as through the Tal Rifaat, Hama and al-Hol camp SARC Primary Health Care units.
- **26,210** dialysis sessions were provided to **364** patients, and **28** SARC staff attended trainings on the safe management of dialysis machines.
- **35** hospitals received equipment, drugs and Personal Protective Equipment (PPEs) to protect them against COVID-19 through the ICRC.
- Detainees in **10** central prisons benefited from ICRC donations of drugs, equipment and training for the medical staff.
- **22** staff from MoH hospitals and directorates of health attended a technical training on the medical gases systems in hospitals, and **22** MoH doctors attended the War Surgery Academic Module at the General Assembly of Damascus Hospital (Al-Moujtahed).



IN RESPONSE TO THE COVID19- PANDEMIC

- Aleppo's COVID-19 treatment centre (with a capacity of **100** beds) was rehabilitated by ICRC.
- **3** ventilators were maintained by ICRC at the MoH's Qutaifah Hospital in Rural Damascus and another **3** at its Red Crescent hospital in Damascus.
- The ICRC supported the conversion of Al Fayha Emergency Covid treatment Center into a COVID-19 vaccination centre through the provision of needed furniture and the maintenance of the ventilation system.
- **30** medical and prison staff were trained on healthcare services in detention, and COVID-19 preparedness and management.
- **56** MoH staff working in COVID-19 response in Homs attended **7** MHPSS sessions on the management of stress, stigma, self-care and anxiety related to the outbreak.





PROMOTING HUMAN DIGNITY AND RECONNECTING FAMILIES

- Over **24,000** oral greetings and Red Cross Messages were exchanged between individuals separated from their families and their loved ones.
- More than **1,500** cases were opened by families in Syria to trace persons unaccounted for.
- **73** visits to detention places were conducted by the ICRC.
- **19,000** detainees received mattresses, clothes and hygiene kits in **6** governorates.
- Some **2,500** body bags and materials for the clinical forensic medicine services were donated to the General Commission of Forensic Medicine (GCFM), and **3** refrigerated body storage containers to the dedicated COVID-19 facilities of the MoH and the Ministry of Higher Education for the management of the dead.
- Renovated the forensic building in Aleppo and provided it with all the medical equipment, such as autopsy tables, cold chamber and furniture.



PROMOTING AWARENESS ABOUT THE ICRC AND IHL

- Organized an International Humanitarian Law (IHL) seminar for **40** diplomats from the Diplomatic Institute of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Expatriates, an IHL workshop for **21** officers from the Ministry of Defence, two IHL workshops for around **50** officers from the Ministry of the Interior, and one for around **35** judges from the Ministry of Justice.
- Organized an IHL seminar for around **20** professors and students of the Syrian Virtual University IHL master's program, with the Ministry of Higher Education.
- Facilitated the participation of **20** officers and experts in several online or face-to-face workshops, seminars and meetings on law of armed conflict; these included participants from the ministries of Defence, Interior and Higher Education, among others.
- Held an IHL seminar for **25** SARC headquarters staff, facilitated the organization by SARC of a basic and an advanced IHL workshop and a training of trainers on IHL for **20** participants, and organised a meeting for around **20** SARC IHL trainers.
- Launched several public campaigns, including one highlighting the humanitarian consequences and needs resulting from ten years of crisis in the country.
- Held some **620** sessions involving over **6,400** conflict-affected people across the country to introduce the ICRC and the types of humanitarian activities it implements in Syria.
- Organized three workshops for around **60** local Syrian journalists in Aleppo, Homs and Damascus, and several meetings and sessions with over **20** local journalists based in Aleppo, Damascus, Hassakeh and Homs.

FOOD AND DAILY ESSENTIALS

- About **3 M** people in **10** governorates received food parcels, and over **2 M** among them more than once.
- Some **1.7 M** people in **9** governorates received essential household items, including blankets, mattresses and hygiene material.
- Over **400,000** people in **13** governorates received hygiene material adapted to help prevent the spread of COVID-19.
- More than **10,000** people in Aleppo and Homs governorates benefitted from “commodity vouchers” to help them secure food and necessary hygiene items.
- Nearly **45,000** people in **9** governorates received winter kits – winter clothes, hats, socks and shoes.
- About **75,000** households benefitted from school kits in **10** governorates.



Afaf Mirzo/ICRC



May Saad/ICRC

RESTORING LIVELIHOODS

- Nearly **8,500** people in **8** governorates – including returnees, displaced families, women-headed households and people with disabilities – received cash grants to initiate a small business.
- About **25,000** people in **10** governorates benefitted from local livelihood initiatives, such as the distribution of sheep, poultry, fodder, means to produce hydroponic fodder, beekeeping, fertilizers, and agricultural tools.
- Over **78,000** people in **10** governorates received vegetable seeds, agricultural tools and irrigation kits.
- Over **230,000** people in **12** governorates benefitted from ICRC and Syrian Arab Red Crescent (SARC) distributions of wheat seeds and fertilizers.

PROMOTING SAFER BEHAVIOR IN WEAPON CONTAMINATED AREAS

- More than **218,000** conflict-affected people in **12** governorates attended sessions on risks related to mines and other explosive remnants of war and safer behaviour practices in weapon contaminated areas, held by the SARC's risk education teams, trained and supported by the ICRC.
- Over **106,000** individuals received brochures warning about the risks of mines and explosive remnants of war.
- Over **109,000** individuals were reached through various social media channels with advice on how to adopt safer behaviour in weapon contaminated areas.
- **4** safe recreational areas were established in three governorates to help the affected population mitigate the risks of weapon contamination.
- **10** SARC teams were supported in carrying out non-technical surveys in potentially contaminated areas in Homs and Hama governorates, the results of which would be used for assessing and managing risks.



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