PEOPLE ON WAR
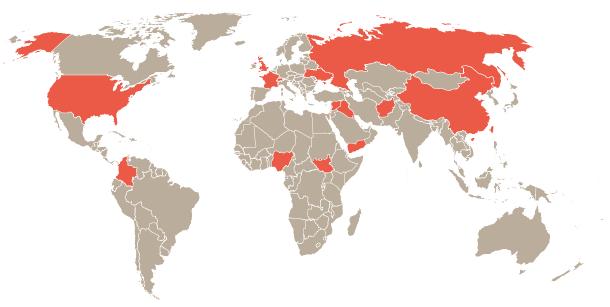## COUNTRIES WHERE PEOPLE WERE SURVEYED

AFGHANISTAN

Afghanistan has suffered decades of conflict and instability. For over 30 years, the ICRC has been supporting communities and health-care facilities, running physical rehabilitation centres, and visiting detainees and helping them maintain contact with their families.

CHINA

China is one of the five permanent members of the UN Security Council.[1] The ICRC's regional delegation for East Asia has been located in Beijing since 2005.

COLOMBIA

After more than five decades of armed conflict, Colombia still faces a huge task in meeting the needs of a population scarred by violence. The ICRC has been working with conflict-affected communities for over 40 years.

FRANCE

France is a permanent member of the UN Security Council and a member of NATO.[2] The ICRC has had an office in Paris since 1996.

IRAQ

For decades, Iraq has been affected by cycles of fighting, refugee crises and sectarian violence. The ICRC has been working in Iraq since 1980, focussing on detainee welfare, missing people and support for civilians affected by violence.

ISRAEL

Israel has been locked in conflict with Palestine since its creation in 1948. The ICRC has been present there since 1967; its teams in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv focus on civilian protection and detainee welfare in Israeli and Palestinian jails.

NIGERIA

Millions of people in Nigeria are affected by the conflict in the Lake Chad region, communal clashes or urban violence. ICRC teams in Nigeria protect and assist people affected by violence, particularly in the north east.

PALESTINE

Long-standing conflict with Israel continues to affect the daily lives of Palestinians. The ICRC's work in the occupied territories focusses on the protection of civilians living under occupation and the welfare of detainees in Israeli and Palestinian jails.

RUSSIA

Russia is a permanent member of the UN Security Council. The ICRC has had a regional delegation in Moscow since 1992.

SOUTH SUDAN

Since gaining independence in July 2011, South Sudan has been wracked by conflict and political instability. The ICRC helps conflict-affected communities, reunites families separated by the violence and visits places of detention.

SWITZERLAND

Switzerland is the birthplace of the ICRC and the Geneva Conventions and is home to many international institutions. The ICRC's headquarters are in Geneva.

SYRIA
(SYRIANS IN LEBANON)[3]

Conflict in Syria and the ensuing migration crisis have spilled over into Lebanon. The number of Syrians living there is currently estimated at 1.5 million. The ICRC is assisting Syrian and host communities across the country.

UKRAINE

Eastern Ukraine has been affected by hostilities for over two years. Conflict continues to impact the lives of the civilian population.

UNITED KINGDOM

The United Kingdom is a permanent member of the UN Security Council and a member of NATO. The ICRC has had a mission in London since 2003.

UNITED STATES

The United States is a permanent member of the UN Security Council and a member of NATO. The ICRC has had a regional delegation in Washington D.C. since 1995.

YEMEN

Yemen has endured violence and political instability for over 50 years. The resurgence in armed conflict since March 2015 has claimed thousands of civilian lives and displaced millions more. The ICRC has been present in Yemen since 1962.

Throughout the *People on War* report, the survey results are grouped as follows:

- P5 countries and Switzerland:[4] the five permanent members of the UN Security Council (China, France, Russia, the United Kingdom and the United States) and Switzerland
- Countries affected by armed conflict: Afghanistan, Colombia, Iraq, Israel, Nigeria, Palestine, South Sudan, Syria, Ukraine and Yemen

[1] UN Security Council: The United Nations Security Council is one of the six principal organs of the United Nations, charged with the maintenance of international peace and security.
[2] NATO: North Atlantic Treaty Organization. An alliance of countries from North America and Europe committed to fulfilling the goals of the North Atlantic Treaty.
[3] Owing to operational considerations, the survey was not conducted in Syria; Syrian voices were included by carrying out the survey in Lebanon.
[4] Whether they are involved in armed conflict or not.

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